

## **Music Progression Map**

Singing	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Nursery Sing a range of well known nursery rhymes and songs Reception Perform songs and try to move in time with the music	Sing together.  Recognise and	Understand that singing and playing together creates a musical texture.	Identify large numbers of people playing and singing. Listen out for solo players.  Learn to sing a	Explain the term 'unison' and the difference between unison and solo.  Identify and	Talk about solo voices, backing vocals and different vocal textures.	Understand how texture builds throughout a piece as voices are layered.
	sing high and low-pitched notes.	notes and low notes in a melody.  Join in with part	melody by ear	explain what a melody is.	explain steps, jumps and leaps in the pitch of a melody.	musical styles often have the same musical structure, eg Folk music: verse
	when to sing in a verse and a chorus.	of a melody.  Join in with a repeated section of a song: the chorus, the response.		Identify and explain the following structural terms: verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and	Learn to sing and follow a melody by ear and from notation.  Identify the instrumental	and chorus; Rock and Pop music: verse, chorus, bridge and instrumental break.

	Join in with the	final chorus,	break and its	Talk about the
	main tune	improvisation,	purpose in a	purpose of
	when it is	call and	song.	musical
	repeated.	response, and	Recognise	structures.
	•	AB	phrases and	
		form within	repeated	
		musical	sections.	
			Discuss the	
		structures.		
			purpose of a	
			bridge section.	

Listening	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Nursery Listen to sounds in the local environment, comparing high and low sounds  Reception Talk about patterns of sound they hear	Recognise musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.  Recognise how feelings can connect with/relate to music.  Recognise some basic understanding of musical style.	Demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.  Demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music.  Demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style	Show understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.  Identify and describe feelings as they relate to music.  Demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music	Identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.  Understand a variety of musical styles.	Demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.	Demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.

Composing	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Nursery Find new ways to play instruments and create sounds  Reception	Demonstrate basic improvisation using tuned and untuned instruments	Make informed decisions as to which notes to play when improvising	Understand the basic concepts of composition	Make informed decisions when composing	Make informed decisions as to which notes and expression to use when improvising with a song	Make informed decisions as to which notes and expression to use when composing with the song
Play untuned instruments to accompany Nativity songs  Make up simple songs			Follow the instrumental part by ear when playing the cornet	Follow the musical notation on screen when playing the ukulele	Play securely, simple musical notation on screen when playing the recorder.	Play securely, with expression simple musical notation on screen.

Performance	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6

Nursery					
Join in with some of	Demonstrate an	Demonstrates	Demonstrates	Introduces the	
the songs from the	awareness of				
Reception Take pride in their perfomance	awareness of pulse when performing a piece of music  Understand the importance of posture when singing.	an awareness of pulse/beat when moving to and performing music.  Introduce the performance	an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	performance with context.	

Musicianship	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6

Nursery	Pitch	Pitch	Pitch	Pitch	Pitch	Pitch
Explore how						
sound is changed  Reception Clap a simple rhythm	Explore singing and playing C, D, and E from the C major scale. Explore singing and	Identify the names of the notes on a xylophone: C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C.	Play notes C, G and B on the cornet	Play notes G, C, E and A on the ukulele Play E, F, D chords	Play notes D,E, F, B, A, G	Identify and demonstrate the following scales by ear and from notation: Major scale, minor scale,
	playing F, G, and A from the F major scale.	percussion, untuned and percussion instruments with a song, and listen to how the sounds blend together.				pentatonic scale, blues scale.
	<u>Pulse</u>	<u>Pulse</u>		<u>Pulse</u>	<u>Pulse</u>	
						<u>Pulse</u>
	Watch, follow, feel and move to a steady beat with others.	Understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace	Recognise and move in time with the beat.	Recognise and move in time with a steady beat.	Recognise and move in time with the changing speed of a steady beat.	Recognise and move in time with the changing speed of a
	Find and enjoy moving to music in different ways.	(tempo).	Play the steady beat on Cornet			steady beat.

Respond to the	Recognise the		Play in time with	Play in time with	
pulse in	time	Play in time with	a steady beat	a steady beat	Play in time with
recorded/live	signature 4/4 by	a steady	and identify the	and identify the	a steady beat
music through	ear and	beat in 2/4, 4/4	metres 2/4, 4/4	metres 2/4, 4/4,	and identify the
movement and	notation.	and 3/4.	and 3/4.	3/4, 5/4	metres 2/4, 4/4,
dance.				and 6/8.	3/4, 6/8 and 5/4.
			Respond to the	Respond to the	
		Recognise the	'offbeat' or	'offbeat' or	Identify
		'strong'	'backbeat'.	'backbeat'.	syncopation and
		beat.			swing.
					5
Rhythm	Rhythm		Rhythm	Rhythm	
		<u>Rhythm</u>			<u>Rhythm</u>
Recognise and	Recognise long		Recognise by ear	Recognise by ear	
clap long	and short	Recognise by ear	and notation:	and	Recognise by ear
sounds, short	sounds, and	and	Semibreves,	notation:	and notation:
sounds	match	notation:	minims,	Minims, dotted	Minims,
and simple	them to	minims,	crotchets,	crotchets,	crotchets,
combinations.	syllables and	crotchets,	quavers and	crotchets,	quavers,
	movement.	quavers and	semiquavers	quavers and	semiquavers
		their rests.		their rests	and their rests
			Copy simple		
Perform short,			rhythm	Recognise by ear	Recognise by ear
copycat rhythm	Play copy back	Copy simple	patterns created	and	and notation:
patterns	rhythms,	rhythm	from	notation:	• 6/8 rhythm
accurately, led	copying a	patterns created	semibreves,	• 6/8 rhythm	patterns
by the teacher.	leader, and	from	minims,	patterns	• Dotted
	invent rhythms	minims,	crotchets,	<ul><li>Dotted</li></ul>	crotchets, triplet
Perform short,	for	crotchets,	quavers and	crotchets,	quavers,
repeating	others to copy	quavers and	rests.	dotted quavers,	quavers and
rhythm patterns	on	their rests.		quavers and	their rests
while keeping in	untuned and			their rests	Recognise by ear
time with a	tuned				and notation:
steady beat.	percussion.				

			Create rhythm	Recognise	• 9/8 rhythm
Perform word-			patterns by	dotted rhythm	patterns
pattern chants;		Create simple	ear and using	in melodies.	Dotted
create, retain		rhythm patterns	simple		crotchets, triplet
and perform		by ear and	notation, which	Copy simple	quavers and
your own rhythm		using simple	use	rhythm	quaver notes
patterns.		notation	semibreves,	patterns using	and
		from minims,	minims,	the above	their rests
		crotchets,	crotchets and	rhythms.	Recognise
		quavers and	quavers.		dotted rhythm in
		their rests.		Create rhythm	melodies.
			Understand and	patterns by	Copy simple
			explain	ear and using	rhythm patterns
		Alternate	the difference	simple	using the above
		between a	between	notation, which	rhythms.
		steady beat and	beat and	use the	Create rhythm
		rhythm.	rhythm.	above rhythm	patterns by ear
			Recall the most	patterns.	and using simple
			memorable	Recall the most	notation, that
			rhythms in a	memorable	use the above
			song or piece of	rhythms in a	rhythm patterns.
			music.	song or piece of	Recall the most
				music.	memorable
					rhythms in a
_					song or piece of
<u>Tempo</u>			_		music.
Recognise the		_	<u>Tempo</u>		
difference		<u>Tempo</u>	Recognise the	_	
between the		Recognise the	difference	<u>Tempo</u>	_
speed of a		difference	between the	Recognise the	<u>Tempo</u>
steady beat, a	_	between the	speed of a	difference	Recognise the
fast beat	Tempo	speed of a	steady beat, a	between the	difference
and a slow beat.	Recognise the	steady beat, a	fast beat	speed of a	between the
	difference	fast beat	and a slow beat.	steady beat, a	speed of a
		and a slow beat.		fast beat	

	between the speed of a	Change the speed of a	Change the speed of a	and a slow beat.	steady beat, a fast beat
	steady beat, a	steady beat,	steady beat	Recognise the	and a slow beat.
	fast beat and a slow beat.	moving from fast to slow,	moving from fast to slow,	connection between tempi	
	Change the	slow to fast.	slow to fast.	and	Change the
	speed of a	Control the	Control the	musical styles.	speed of a
	steady beat,	speed of a	speed of a		steady beat,
	moving from	steady beat,	steady beat,		moving from
	fast to slow, slow to fast.	getting faster and getting	getting faster and getting		fast to slow, slow to fast.
	Understand that	slower.	slower.		performance.
	the		Direct the class		
	speed of the		in		December
	beat can change, creating		controlling the speed of a		Recognise an effective use
	a faster		steady beat in a		of tempo at the
	or slower pace.		class		end of a
			performance.		song.